## IN THE HIGH COURT OF GUJARAT AT AHMEDABAD

## SPECIAL CIVIL APPLICATION No 2214 of 1997

For Approval and Signature:

Hon'ble MR.JUSTICE M.S.PARIKH

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- 1. Whether Reporters of Local Papers may be allowed to see the judgements?
- 2. To be referred to the Reporter or not?
- 3. Whether Their Lordships wish to see the fair copy of the judgement?
- Whether this case involves a substantial question of law as to the interpretation of the Constitution of India, 1950 of any Order made thereunder?
- 5. Whether it is to be circulated to the Civil Judge?

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SHARDABEN MANUBHAI BABURAO KHANDEKAR

Versus

STATE OF GUJARAT

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Appearance:

M/S THAKKAR ASSOC. for Petitioner
MR SJ DAVE, AGP for Respondent No. 1, 2, 3

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CORAM : MR.JUSTICE M.S.PARIKH Date of decision: 17/06/97

## ORAL JUDGEMENT

- In view of the order passed in Civil Application
  No. 5147 of 1997 this matter is taken up for hearing today.
  - 1. In this petition under Article 226 of the Constitution of India the petitioner-detenu has challenged the detention order dated 6/3/1997 rendered by

the respondent no.2 u/S. 3(1) of the Gujarat Prevention of Anti-Social Activities Act, 1985 (Act No. 16 of 1985) (for short 'the PASA Act').

- 2. The grounds on which the impugned order of detention has been passed appear at Annexure-B. They inter-alia indicate that the petitioner has been carrying on criminal and anti-social activities of dealing in country liquor and refer to three offences of 1996 and one offence of 1997 registered in J.P. Road Police Station against the petitioner under the provisions of the Bombay Prohibition Act.
- 3. It has been recited that the petitioner's anti-social activities tend to obstruct the maintenance of public order and in support of the said conclusion statements of 3 witnesses have been relied upon. It has also been recited that the petitioner's activities are likely to adversely affect public health.
- 4. The statements of the witnesses speak about three incidents of 18/12/1996, 21/1/1997 and 13/2/1997 and all of them indicate the petitioner with the aid of her associates beating the concerned witnesses in public and the petitioner's conduct resulting in fear amongst the people collected there.
- 5. It is on the basis of the aforesaid cases and the incident that the detaining authority has passed the impugned order of detention branding the petitioner as 'boot-legger' under sec. 2(b) of the PASA Act.
- 6. I have heard the learned advocate for petitioner and the Ld. A.G.P. for the State. The petitioner has challenged the impugned order of detention on number of grounds inter-alia on the ground that there is no material to indicate that the detenu's conduct would show that he is habitually engaged activities, anti-social which can be said to be prejudicial to the maintenance of public order. This is a case of individual incidents affecting law and order and in the facts of the case would not amount to leading to a conclusion that the same would affect public order. Reliance has been placed on the decision of the Apex Court in the case of Mustakmiya Jabbarmiya Shaikh v. M.M. Mehta, C.P. reported in 1995 (2) G.L.R. In that decision the Apex Court referred to two earlier decisions in the case of Arun Ghosh v. State of West Bengal reported in 1970 (1) SCC 98 and Piyush Kantilal Mehta v. Commissioner of Police, reported in 1989 Suppl. (1) SCC 322. In Piyush Kantilal Mehta's case (supra) it

was made clear that merely because a detenu was a boot-legger within the meaning of sec. 2(b) of the PASA Act he could not have been preventively detained on that basis. The emphasis was with respect to whether his activities as a boot-legger would adversely affect the maintenance of public order.

- 7. In reply, learned A.G.P. has made reference to an earlier decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Mrs. Harpreet Kaur Harvinder Singh Bedi v. State of Maharashtra & anr. reported in AIR 1992 SC 979.
- 8. In my opinion, Mustakmiya's case (supra) would apply to the facts of this case particularly since this is essentially a case of individual incidents dealing with law and order.
- 9. There are other grounds of challenge levelled against the impugned order of detention. However, in view of the fact that the petitioner would succeed on the strength of Mustakmiya's case, it is not necessary to deal with other grounds. Hence, following order is passed:-

The impugned order of detention is hereby quashed and set aside. The petitioner-detenu-Smt. Shardaben Manubhai Baburao Khandekar shall be forthwith set at liberty, if he is not required to be detained in any other case. Rule made absolute accordingly.

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## Date : 18/6/1997 :

It has been submitted that the prisoner has been transferred from Rajkot District Jail to Sabarmati Central Jail, Ahmedabad. Hence, request is to issue writ of the above order to the concerned authority of the Sabarmati Central Jail, Ahmedabad.

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